

*Short communication*

## ZYGAENA BRIZAE (ESPER, 1800), A NEW SPECIES FOR MONTENEGRO (LEPIDOPTERA: ZYGAENIDAE)

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*Zygaena brizae* (Esper, 1800) is a small species of the genus *Zygaena* Fabricius, 1775. Its body is black and densely haired. The ground colour of the forewings is translucent black with three red streaks. The hindwings are red with a black border. *Z. brizae* has one generation per year and is on the wing from May to July depending on region and altitude. It inhabits grassy habitats and woodland clearings. The larval foodplants belong to the family Asteraceae (NAUMANN et al., 1999).

*Zygaena brizae* is a ponto-mediterranean species that occurs in France, Italy, Austria, Poland, Czech Republic, Hungary, the Balkan Peninsula, Turkey, Syria, Lebanon, Israel, Russia, Ukraine, Georgia, Armenia and Azerbaijan (NAUMANN et al., 1999). It has not been recorded for Montenegro so far. Distribution maps in NAUMANN et al. (1984), NAUMANN et al. (1999) and FREINA & WITT (2001) show that *Z. brizae* is distributed throughout the Balkan Peninsula but there is no text to support its presence in Montenegro. In neighboring countries it is present, but rare, in Croatia (DUPONCHEL, 1844-1846; CARRARA, 1846; MANN, 1869; STAUDER, 1921), Bosnia and Herzegovina (REBEL, 1904; SCHAWERDA, 1916; HOLIK, 1937; RAUCH, 1977; LELO, 2004), Serbia (JAKŠIĆ & RISTIĆ, 1999; NAHIRNIĆ et al., 2012) and Albania (DABROWSKI, 1996; HOFMANN & TREMEWAN, 1996; FREINA & WITT, 2001). There are about 30 publications which contain data about Zygaenidae of Montenegro (e.g. BRETHERTON, 1973; CARNELUTTI & MICHELI, 1958; JAKŠIĆ, 1990; REBEL, 1913; VASIĆ et al., 1990, NAHIRNIĆ et al., 2011b). In most of these papers special attention was given to Mt. Durmitor, Tara Canyon and the coastal region.

During the last week of June 2013 the Danish Lepidoptera Society conducted research on Lepidoptera in the Durmitor National Park. This excursion was accompanied by the first author of this paper. As unfavorable weather conditions on Durmitor lasted two days, we went southward in order to find suitable conditions for the collecting of day-flying Lepidoptera. We visited several localities between Mt. Durmitor and the town of

Nikšić. There are no data available about Zygaenidae of this region of Montenegro.

One male specimen of *Zygaena brizae* (Fig. 1) was found on a meadow near the village Pod-Dažnik in the foothill of Đurkovo brdo located in central Montenegro, 10 km NE of Nikšić (N 42°49'42", E 19°03'57", 1340 m a.s.l.) (Fig. 2) on 27 June 2013 (leg. Nahirnić A.). The meadow is situated near a beech forest; it is regularly mowed and with no signs of succession. The collected specimen can be referred to the subspecies *Zygaena brizae dvarica* Rauch, 1977. This subspecies is characterized by a very broad hindwing border which is broadest at the apex. Streaks on the forewing are dark red and narrow. This specimen is stored in the special collection of Zygaenidae in the Tiroler Landesmuseen, Ferdinandeum, Innsbruck, Austria.

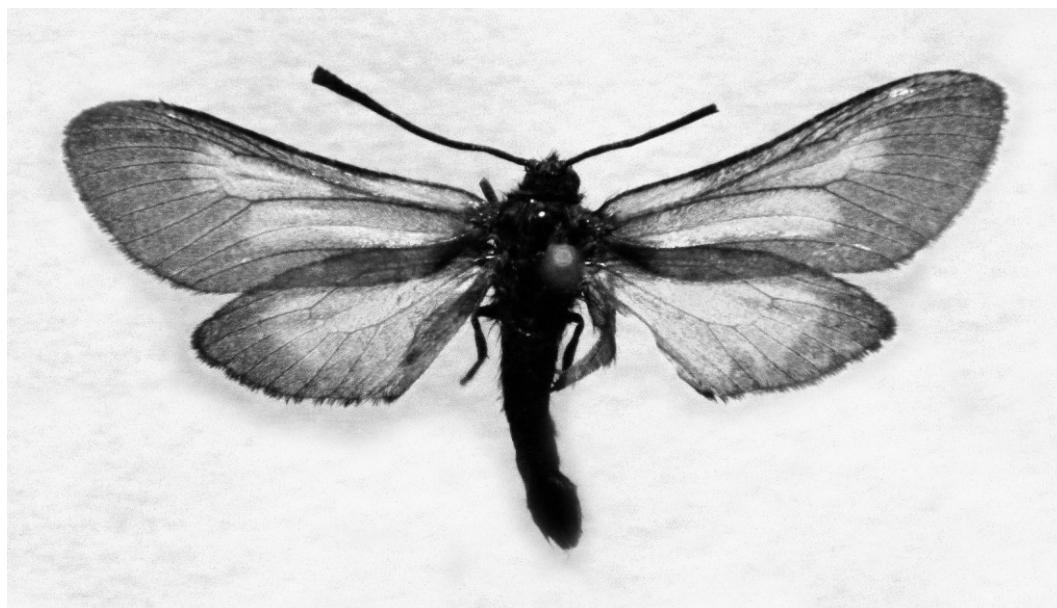


Figure 1. *Zygaena brizae* (Esper, 1800) ♂ from Pod-Dažnik.

As a result of the project Zygaenidae of the Balkan Peninsula, a few Zygaenid species were newly discovered for Montenegro in the last few years (NAHIRNIĆ *et al.*, 2011a; NAHIRNIĆ *et al.*, 2013). The present discovery of another new species in the central part of Montenegro underlines the lack of knowledge of the fauna of Montenegro. More undiscovered species can be expected in this country. Therefore more regions should be explored. Despite intensive research on Zygaenidae during the project Zygaenidae of the Balkan Peninsula *Z. brizae* remains very rare on the Balkan Peninsula. More attention should be paid to its habitats and population size.

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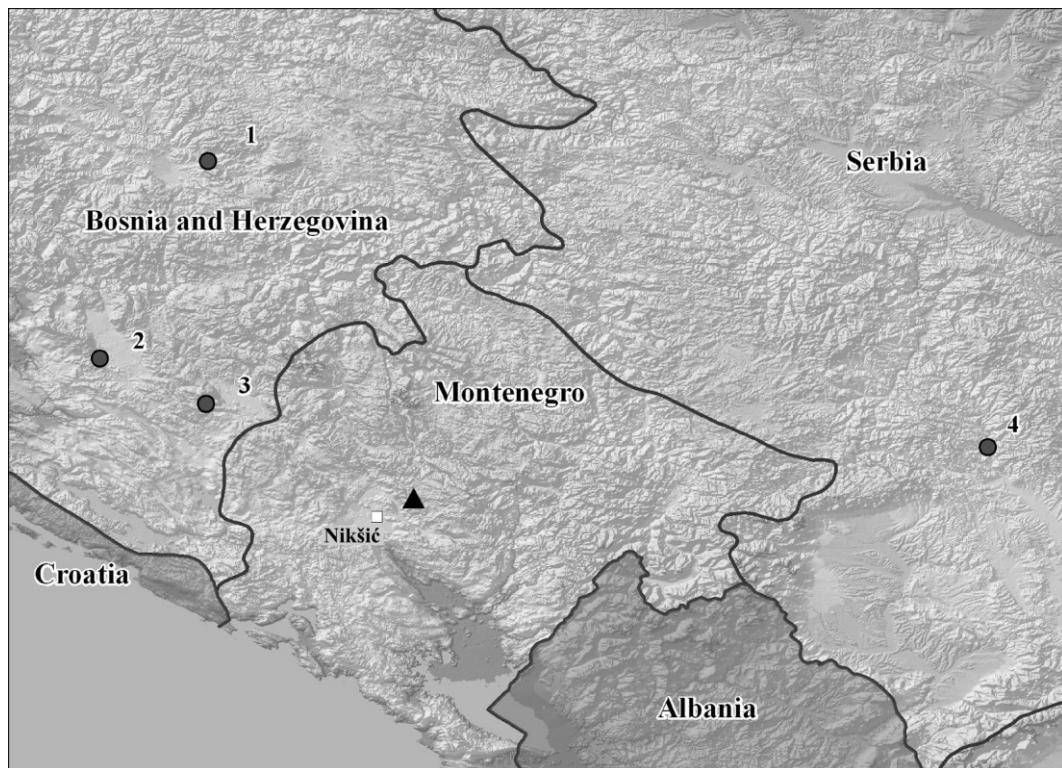


Figure 2. Distribution of *Zygaena brizae* (Esper, 1800) in Montenegro (triangle) adjacent areas (dots): 1) Sarajevo, 2) Nevesinje, 3) Vučija bara, 4) Košutovački potok (Ibar gorge). For Croatia and Albania no exact localities were published.

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## ZYGAENA BRIZAE (ESPER, 1800) НОВА ВРСТА ЗА ЦРНУ ГОРУ (LEPIDOPTERA: ZYGAENIDAE)

АНА НАХИРНИЋ И ГЕРХАРД М. ТАРМАН

### Извод

*Zygaena brizae* (Esper, 1800) је релативно мала врста рода *Zygaena* Fabricius, 1775. Тело је црно и густо длакаво. Основна боја предњих крила је црна са три црвени пруге. Има једну генерацију годишње и лети од маја до јула зависно од подручја и надморске висине. Насељава травна станишта и шумске пропланке. Нутритивне биљке гусенице су из фамилије Asteraceae (NAUMANN *et al.*, 1999).

*Zygaena brizae* је pointско-медитеранска врста које се може наћи у Француској, Италији, Аустрији, Погрјеској, Чешкој, Мађарској, Балканском полуострву, Турској, Сирији, Либану, Израелу, Русији, Украјини, Грузији, Јерменији и Азербејџану (NAUMANN *et al.*, 1999). Није била забележена у Црној Гори до сада. У суседним земљама присутна је, али ретка, у Хрватској (DUPONCHEL, 1844-1846; CARRARA, 1846; MANN, 1869; STAUDER, 1921), Босни и Херцеговини (REBEL, 1904; SCHAWERDA, 1916; HOLIK, 1937; RAUCH, 1977; LELO, 2004), Србији (JAKŠIĆ & RISTIĆ, 1999; NAHIRNIĆ *et al.*, 2012) и Албанији (DABROWSKI, 1996; HOFMANN & TREMEWAN, 1996).

Један мужјак *Zygena brizae* је пронађен на ливади близу села Под-Дажник у подножју Ђурковог брда које се налази у централном делу Црне Горе, 10 км североисточно од Никшића (N 42°49'42", E 19°03'57", 1340 м н.в.) 27. јуна 2013 године (лег. Нахирнић А.). Овај примерак припада подврсти *Zygaena brizae davarica* Rauch, 1977.

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